

## Line Integrals Worksheet

1) Evaluate the line integrals (a) by direct integration along any path, (b) by finding the potential.

a)  $\int_{(-1,2)}^{(1,3)} y^2 dx + 2xydy$                       **Ans: 13**

b)  $\int_{(0,1)}^{(\pi,-1)} y \sin x dx - \cos x dy$                       **Ans: 0**

2) Integrate by any method.

a)  $\int_C y \sin x dx - \cos x dy$  ( $C$  any path)                      **Ans: 0**

b)  $\int_{(0,0)}^{(3,2)} 2xe^y dx + (x^2e^y + 2y)dy$                       **Ans:  $9e^2 + 4$**

c)  $\int_{(2,-2)}^{(-1,0)} 2xy^3 dx + (3y^2x^2 + 1)dy$                       **Ans: 34**

3) Find the work done by the force  $\vec{F} = \left\langle \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}, -\frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right\rangle$  N on a particle that moves from the point  $P = (0, 2)$  to the point  $Q = (3, 3)$  with distance measured in meters.                      **Ans:  $\pi / 4$  J**

4) Find the circulation of the velocity field  $\vec{v} = \langle e^y + ye^x, xe^y + e^x \rangle$  of a fluid from the point  $(1, 0)$  to the point  $(-1, 0)$ , without finding the potential function,

a) along the  $x$ -axis.                      **Ans:  $-2$**

b) along the semicircle  $\sqrt{1-x^2}$ .                      **Ans:  $-2$**

5) Find the flux of the velocity field  $\vec{v} = \langle y, x \rangle$  of a fluid with density  $\delta = 1$  from the point  $(1, 0)$  to the point  $(-1, 0)$ , without finding the potential function,

a) along the  $x$ -axis.                      **Ans: 0**

b) along the semicircle  $\sqrt{1-x^2}$ .                      **Ans: 0**

6) What is the flux of the velocity field  $v = xy\mathbf{i} + x^2y^2\mathbf{j}$  across the quarter ellipse

$$C : x = 4 \cos t, y = \sin t, 0 \xrightarrow[t]{} \frac{1}{2}\pi ?$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{148}{15}$$

7) Find the flux of the velocity field  $v = 2y\mathbf{i} - y^3\mathbf{j}$  across  $C: y = e^x, 0 \xrightarrow[x]{} 2$

$$\text{Ans: } e^4 + \frac{1}{3}e^6 - \frac{4}{3}$$