

MAC 2233 CALCULUS FOR BUSINESS AND SOCIAL SCIENCE
TEST 2

48

Name KEY

Score _____

Part I - Multiple Choice. Choose the answer that best answers each question. (3 points each)

- 1 Find all the critical numbers of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 48x - 6$
- A) None
 - B) -4, 4
 - C) 0, -4, 4
 - D) $\sqrt[3]{-6}$
- 2 An equation for the tangent line to the curve $y = (x^7 + x - 1)^5$ at the point where $x = 1$ is
- A) $y = 40x - 39$
 - B) $y = 40x$
 - C) $y = 7x + 1$
 - D) $y = 40x - 1$
- 3 Find the absolute minimum of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$ on the interval $-1 \leq x \leq 3$.
- A) -1
 - B) -4
 - C) 0
 - D) 3
- 4 Determine where the graph of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 1$ is concave down.
- A) $x > 1$
 - B) $x < 1$
 - C) $x > -1$
 - D) $x < -1$
- 5 Locate all inflection points of $f(x) = x^4 + 6x^3 - 24x^2 + 26$.
- A) (1, 9) and (-4, -486)
 - B) (1, 9)
 - C) None
 - D) (0, 26)

- 6 Find the intervals of increase and decrease for the function $f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 3$.
- (A) Decreasing for $x < -\frac{5}{2}$; increasing for $x > -\frac{5}{2}$
- B) Decreasing for $x > -\frac{5}{2}$; increasing for $x < -\frac{5}{2}$
- C) Decreasing for all x
- D) Increasing for all x
- 7 Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, where $xy^3 - 3x^2 = 7y$.
- A) $y^3 - 6x - 7$
- (B) $\frac{6x - y^3}{3xy^2 - 7}$
- C) $y^3 - 6x$
- D) $\frac{6x^2}{y^3}$
- 8 The cost of producing x units of a certain commodity is $C(x) = 3x^2 + 3x + 4$ dollars. If the price is $p(x) = (43 - x)$ dollars per unit, determine the level of production that maximizes profit.
- A) $x = 1$
- B) $x = 2$
- C) $x = 3$
- (D) $x = 5$
- 9 The demand function for a certain commodity is $D(p) = \frac{30}{p+5}$. For what values of p is the demand inelastic?
- A) $p > 0$
- (B) $p < 0$
- C) $p > -5$
- D) $p < -5$

Part II – Short Answer. Answer each question showing ALL work for full credit.

10. Suppose the total cost in dollars of manufacturing x units is $C(x) = 3x^2 + x + 500$.

- a. Use marginal analysis to estimate the cost of manufacturing the 41th unit. (2 points)

$$C'(x) = 6x + 1 \quad \text{use } C'(40)\Delta x \text{ where } \Delta x = 1$$
$$\text{so } C'(40) = \text{\$241}$$

- b. Compute the actual cost of manufacturing the 41st unit. (2 points)

$$C(41) - C(40) = 5584 - 5340$$
$$= \text{\$244}$$

- c. Find the average cost per unit when the production level is 40 units. (1 point)

$$A(x) = \frac{3x^2 + x + 500}{x} = 3x + 1 + \frac{500}{x}$$

$$A(40) = \text{\$133.50 per unit}$$

11. A company determines that the consumer demand curve for tissues is given by $q = 2500 - 50p$ where $0 \leq p \leq 50$ and p is the price, in dollars, per case of tissues it charges to consumers while q is the quantity demanded. The tissues cost \$30 per case to produce. Assume that the fixed costs to produce the tissues is \$0.

- a. Find the price the tissues should be sold for in order to maximize the profit. (3 points)

$$C = 30q = 30(2500 - 50p) = 75000 - 1500p$$

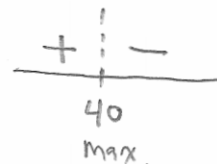
$$R = p \cdot q = (2500 - 50p)p = 2500p - 50p^2$$

$$P = R - C = -50p^2 + 2500p - 75000 + 1500p$$

$$P = -50p^2 + 4000p - 75000$$

$$P' = -100p + 4000 = 0$$

$$p = \$40$$



- b. What is the maximum profit? (1 point)

plug in 40 get $\$5000$

- c. What is the total revenue when the demand is 200 cases of tissues? (1 point)

$$200 = 2500 - 50p$$

$$p = 46$$

$$R(46) = 2500(46) - 50(46)^2 = \$9200$$

- d. Compute the marginal revenue in terms of p . (1 point)

$$\frac{dR}{dp} = 2500 - 100p$$

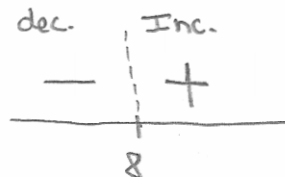
12. A certain company has determined that the average cost per unit for manufacturing x units of their most popular product is given by $A(x) = x + \frac{64}{x} - 3$ for $0 \leq x \leq 50$.

- a. Construct a sign chart that shows the intervals where $A(x)$ is increasing and decreasing. Remember that you are dealing with a restricted domain. (2 points)

$$A'(x) = 1 - \frac{64}{x^2} = 0$$

$$x^2 = 64$$

$$x = 8$$



- b. How many units must be produced in order to minimize the average cost per unit? (1 point)

8 units

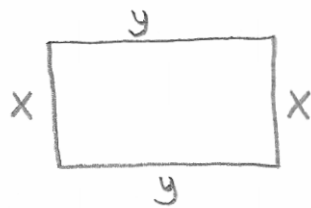
- c. What is the minimum average cost per unit? (1 point)

\$13

- d. Compute the 2nd derivative of $A(x)$. (1 point)

$$A''(x) = \frac{128}{x^3}$$

13. You want to fence in a rectangular vegetable patch. The fencing for the east and west sides costs \$6 per foot, while the north and south sides costs only \$2 per foot. You have a budget of \$120 for the project. What is the largest area you can enclose? (5 points)



W^N
S^E

$$P = 2x + 2y$$

$$C = 6(2x) + 2(2y) = 12x + 4y = 120 \rightarrow y = \frac{120 - 12x}{4} = 30 - 3x$$

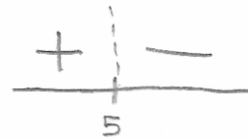
$$A = x \cdot y$$

$$A = x(30 - 3x) = -3x^2 + 30x$$

$$A' = -6x + 30 = 0$$

$$x = 5$$

$$A_{\max} = 75 \text{ sq. ft.}$$



A' changes sign from (+) to (-) at $x=5$ so this yields a local max.