## MAP 2302 Additional Problems 2

For 1 - 3, find the general solution of the differential equation:

1. 
$$y''' + 3y'' + 3y' + y = 0$$
  
2.  $y^{(4)} + y''' + y'' = 0$ 

3. 
$$16\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 24\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$$

For 4 and 5, solve the initial value problem:

4. 
$$y'' + 16y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -2$$

- 5. y''' + 12y'' + 36y' = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = -7
- 6. Two roots of a cubic auxiliary equation with real coefficients are  $m_1 = -\frac{1}{2}$  and  $m_2 = 3 + i$ . What is the corresponding homogeneous linear differential equation?

For 7 and 8, solve the initial value problem:

7. 
$$5y'' + y' = -6x, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -10$$
  
8.  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \omega^2 x = F_0 \sin \omega t, x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 0$   
9.  $xy'' + y' = 0$   
10.  $x^2y'' + xy' + 4y = 0$   
11.  $x^2y'' - 3xy' - 2y = 0$   
12.  $25x^2y'' + 25xy' + y = 0$   
13.  $x^3y''' - 6y = 0$   
14.  $xy^{(4)} + 6y''' = 0$   
15.  $xy'' - 4y' = x^4$   
16.  $xy'' + y' = x, y(1) = 1, y'(1) = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Answers:

1. 
$$y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 x e^{-x} + c_3 x^2 e^{-x}$$
  
2.  $y = c_1 + c_2 x + e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \left( c_3 \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x + c_4 \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x \right)$   
3.  $y = c_1 \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x + c_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x + c_3 x \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x + c_4 x \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x$   
4.  $y = 2 \cos 4x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 4x$   
5.  $y = \frac{5}{36} - \frac{5}{36} e^{-6x} + \frac{1}{6} x e^{-6x}$   
6.  $2y''' - 11y'' + 14y' + 10y = 0$   
7.  $y = -200 + 200e^{-\frac{x}{5}} - 3x^2 + 30x$   
8.  $x = \frac{F_0}{2\omega^2} \sin \omega t - \frac{F_0}{2\omega} t \cos \omega t$   
9.  $y = c_1 + c_2 \ln x$   
10.  $y = c_1 \cos(2\ln x) + c_2 \sin(2\ln x)$   
11.  $y = c_1 x^{2-\sqrt{6}} + c_2 x^{2+\sqrt{6}}$   
12.  $y = c_1 \cos(\frac{1}{5}\ln x) + c_2 \sin(\frac{1}{5}\ln x)$   
13.  $y = c_1 x^3 + c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}\ln x) + c_3 \sin(\sqrt{2}\ln x)$   
14.  $y = c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2 + c_4 x^{-3}$   
15.  $y = c_1 + c_2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln x$   
16.  $y = \frac{3}{4} - \ln x + \frac{1}{4} x^2$